

Material Safety Data Sheet

DOW AGROSCIENCES CANADA INC.

Product name: SIGHTLINE™ Herbicide

Issue Date: 07/12/2016

DOW AGROSCIENCES CANADA INC. encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: SIGHTLINE™ Herbicide

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Identified uses: End use herbicide product

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

DOW AGROSCIENCES CANADA INC. #2400, 215 - 2ND STREET S.W. CALGARY AB T2P 1M4 CANADA

For MSDS Updates and Product Information: 800-667-3852 Prepared by: Prepared for use in Canada by EH&S, Hazard Communications. Revision Date: 07/12/2016

Customer Information Number:

800-667-3852 solutions@dow.com

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER 24-Hour Emergency Contact: 613-996-6666 Local Emergency Contact: 613-996-6666

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Appearance

| Physical state | Granules |
|----------------|----------|
| Color | Brown |

Odor

| Hazard Summary | CAUTION!! |
|----------------|--|
| _ | May cause eye irritation. |
| | May cause skin irritation. |
| | Powdered material may form explosive dust-air mixture. |
| | Isolate area. |
| | Toxic fumes may be released in fire situations. |
| | Slipping hazard. |
| | Highly toxic to fish and/or other aquatic organisms. |

Mild

Potential Health Effects

Eyes: May cause moderate eye irritation. May cause slight corneal injury. Solid or dust may cause irritation or corneal injury due to mechanical action.

Skin: Brief contact may cause skin irritation with local redness. Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

Inhalation: Prolonged excessive exposure to dust may cause adverse effects. Based on the available data, respiratory irritation was not observed.

Ingestion: Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

Chronic Exposure: For similar active ingredient(s). Aminopyralid. In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Gastrointestinal tract.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| This product is a mixture. | 04051 | | |
|----------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Component | CASRN | Weight percent | |
| Aminopyralid Potassium | 566191-87-5 | 62.13% | |
| Metsulfuron-methyl | 74223-64-6 | 9.45% | |
| Sodium Carbonate | 497-19-8 | 9.9% | |
| Kaolin | 1332-58-7 | 5.2% | Hazardous components |
| Titanium dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 0.1% | Hazardous components |
| Balance | Not available | 13.22% | |

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice: If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Skin contact: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available in work area.

Eye contact: Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in work area.

Ingestion: No emergency medical treatment necessary.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: May cause injury due to mechanical action. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: No data available

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Nitrogen oxides. Hydrogen chloride. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Container may rupture from gas generation in a fire situation. Pneumatic conveying and other mechanical handling operations can generate combustible dust. To reduce the potential for dust explosions, do not permit dust to accumulate. Dense smoke is produced when product burns.

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Soak thoroughly with water to cool and prevent re-ignition. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed. Fight fire from protected location or safe distance. Consider the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Immediately withdraw all personnel from the area in case of rising sound from venting safety device or discoloration of the container. Hand held dry chemical or carbon dioxide extinguishers may be used for small fires. Move container from fire area if this is possible without hazard. Contain fire water runoff if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Refer to section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Spilled material may cause a slipping hazard. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information. Spills or discharge to natural waterways is likely to kill aquatic organisms.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Sweep up. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Contact Dow AgroSciences for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Keep out of reach of children. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid breathing dust or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

Conditions for safe storage: Store in a dry place. Store in original container. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

| Component | Regulation | Type of listing | Value/Notation |
|------------------|------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Sodium Carbonate | Dow IHG | TWA | 10 mg/m3 |
| Kaolin | ACGIH | TWA Respirable fraction | 2 mg/m3 |
| | CA AB OEL | TWA Respirable | 2 mg/m3 |
| | CA BC OEL | TWA Respirable | 2 mg/m3 |
| | CA QC OEL | TWAEV respirable | 5 mg/m3 |
| | | dust | - |
| Titanium dioxide | ACGIH | TWA | 10 mg/m3 , Titanium dioxide |
| | Dow IHG | TWA | 2.4 mg/m3 |
| | CA AB OEL | TWA | 10 mg/m3 |
| | CA BC OEL | TWA | 10 mg/m3 |
| | CA QC OEL | TWAEV total dust | 10 mg/m3 |

Consult local authorities for recommended exposure limits.

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

Exposure controls

Engineering controls: Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use chemical goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other

chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Other protection: Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use an approved respirator. Selection of air-purifying or positive-pressure supplied-air will depend on the specific operation and the potential airborne concentration of the material. For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Physical state | Granules |
| Color | Brown |
| Odor | Mild |
| Odor Threshold | No data available |
| рН | 10.3 1% pH Electrode (1% dispersion) |
| Melting point/range | No test data available |
| Freezing point | Not applicable |
| Boiling point (760 mmHg) | Not applicable |
| Flash point | closed cup Not applicable |
| Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate | Not applicable |
| = 1) | |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | No data available |
| Lower explosion limit | Not applicable |
| Upper explosion limit | Not applicable |
| Vapor Pressure | Not applicable |
| Relative Vapor Density (air = 1) | Not applicable |
| Relative Density (water = 1) | Not applicable |
| Water solubility | No test data available |
| Partition coefficient: n- | No data available |
| octanol/water | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not applicable |
| Decomposition temperature | No test data available |
| Dynamic Viscosity | Not applicable |
| Kinematic Viscosity | Not applicable |
| Explosive properties | No data available |
| Oxidizing properties | No data available |
| Liquid Density | Not applicable |
| Bulk density | 0.0007 kg/m3 Literature |
| Molecular weight | No data available |
| | |

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No data available

Chemical stability: Thermally stable at typical use temperatures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Active ingredient decomposes at elevated temperatures. Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure in closed systems.

Incompatible materials: Avoid contact with: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition products: Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Toxic gases are released during decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity

Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

As product: LD50, Rat, female, > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product: LD50, Rat, male and female, > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity

Prolonged excessive exposure to dust may cause adverse effects. Based on the available data, respiratory irritation was not observed.

As product: LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 5.09 mg/l

Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact may cause skin irritation with local redness.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause moderate eye irritation. May cause slight corneal injury. Solid or dust may cause irritation or corneal injury due to mechanical action.

Sensitization

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs. Did not demonstrate the potential for contact allergy in mice.

For respiratory sensitization: No relevant information found.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

For similar active ingredient(s). Aminopyralid. In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Gastrointestinal tract.

Carcinogenicity

For the active ingredient(s): Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals. A risk assessment has been conducted for this product and has shown, that under normal handling, the minor components will not pose a hazard.

Teratogenicity

For the active ingredient(s): Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

Reproductive toxicity

For the active ingredient(s): In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Mutagenicity

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

| Carcinogenicity | | |
|------------------|------|------------------------------------|
| Component | List | Classification |
| Titanium dioxide | IARC | Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to |
| | | humans |

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Toxicity

Acute toxicity to fish

Based on information for component(s): Material is very highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 <0.1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

As product:

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), semi-static test, 96 Hour, > 120 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

As product: EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), semi-static test, 48 Hour, > 120 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

As product: ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 17.58 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent For the active ingredient(s): EC50, Lemna gibba, 14 d, 0.00036 mg/l

Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms

As product: Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

As product:

oral LD50, Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail), > 2250mg/kg bodyweight.

Toxicity to soil-dwelling organisms

As product:

LC50, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), 14 d, survival, 2,000 mg/kg

Persistence and degradability

Aminopyralid Potassium

Biodegradability: For similar active ingredient(s). Aminopyralid. Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions. 10-day Window: Fail **Biodegradation:** 0 % **Exposure time:** 28 d **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent

Metsulfuron-methyl

Biodegradability: No appreciable biodegradation is expected.

Sodium Carbonate

Biodegradability: Biodegradation is not applicable.

<u>Kaolin</u>

Biodegradability: Biodegradation is not applicable.

Titanium dioxide

Biodegradability: Biodegradation is not applicable.

Balance

Biodegradability: No relevant data found.

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation: No data available.

Mobility in soil

Aminopyralid Potassium

For similar active ingredient(s). Aminopyralid. Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

Metsulfuron-methyl

No data available.

Sodium Carbonate

Relevant data not available.

<u>Kaolin</u>

No relevant data found.

Titanium dioxide

No data available.

Balance

No relevant data found.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods: If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

| TDG |
|-----|
|-----|

| IDG | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Proper shipping n | ame ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.(Metsulfuron-methyl, Aminopyralid Potassium) |
| UN number | UN 3077 |
| Class | 9 |
| Packing group | а Ш |
| Marine pollutant | |
| Marine polititant | Metsulfuron-methyl, Aminopyralid Potassium |
| Classification for SEA tr | ansport (IMO-IMDG): |
| Proper shipping n | |
| | N.O.S.(Metsulfuron-methyl, Aminopyralid Potassium) |
| UN number | UN 3077 |
| Class | 9 |
| Packing group | June 201 |
| Marine pollutant | |
| | Metsulfuron-methyl, Aminopyralid Potassium |
| Transport in bulk | Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk |
| according to Anne | |
| of MARPOL 73/78 | and the |
| IBC or IGC Code | |
| Classification for AIR tra | ansport $(\Lambda T \Lambda / C \Lambda \Omega)$ |
| | |
| Proper shipping n | |
| | n.o.s.(Metsulfuron-methyl, Aminopyralid Potassium) |
| UN number | UN 3077 |
| Class | 9 |
| Packing group | |
| | |
| | |

Further information:

NOT REGULATED PER TDG EXEMPTION 1.45.1 FOR ROAD OR RAIL

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transportation of the material.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazardous Products Act Information: CPR Compliance

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

Hazardous Products Act Information: WHMIS Classification

This product is exempt under WHMIS.

National Fire Code of Canada

Not applicable

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) (DSL)

This product contains chemical substance(s) exempt from CEPA DSL Inventory requirements. It is regulated as a pesticide subject to Pest Control Products Act (PCPA) requirements.

Pest Control Products Act (PCPA) Registration Number: 30409

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Hazard Rating System

NFPA

| Health | Fire | Reactivity |
|--------|------|------------|
| 1 | 1 | 0 |

Revision

Identification Number: 101188048 / A215 / Issue Date: 07/12/2016 / Version: 4.0 DAS Code: GF-2050

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend

| ACGIH | USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) |
|-----------|---|
| CA AB OEL | Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL) |
| CA BC OEL | Canada. British Columbia OEL |
| CA QC OEL | Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: |
| | Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants |
| Dow IHG | Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline |
| TWA | Time weighted average |
| TWAEV | Time-weighted average exposure value |

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

DOW AGROSCIENCES CANADA INC. urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDS obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.



Material Safety Data Sheet

DOW AGROSCIENCES CANADA INC.

Product name: Sightline B Herbicide

Issue Date: 06/21/2016

DOW AGROSCIENCES CANADA INC. encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Sightline B Herbicide

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Identified uses: End use herbicide product

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

DOW AGROSCIENCES CANADA INC. #2400, 215 - 2ND STREET S.W. CALGARY AB T2P 1M4 CANADA

For MSDS Updates and Product Information: 800-667-3852 Prepared by: Prepared for use in Canada by EH&S, Hazard Communications. Revision Date: 06/21/2016

Customer Information Number:

800-667-3852 solutions@dow.com

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER 24-Hour Emergency Contact: 613-996-6666 Local Emergency Contact: 613-996-6666

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Color

Appearance

Physical state

Liquid Yellow to brown

Spicy

Odor

| Hazard Summary | WARNING!! May cause allergic skin reaction. May cause eye irritation. Isolate area. |
|----------------|--|
| | Toxic fumes may be released in fire situations. |

Potential Health Effects

Eyes: May cause moderate eye irritation. May cause slight corneal injury.

Skin: Has demonstrated the potential for contact allergy in mice. Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts. Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness. May cause drying and flaking of the skin.

Inhalation: No adverse effects are anticipated from single exposure to mist. Mist may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract (nose and throat).

Ingestion: Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

Chronic Exposure: For the active ingredient(s): Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. Based on information for component(s): In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Kidney.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product is a mixture.

| Component | CASRN | Weight percent |
|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Fluroxypyr 1-methylheptyl ester | 81406-37-3 | 45.52% |
| Heavy aromatic naphtha | 64742-94-5 | >= 0.7 - <= 2.6 % |
| N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone | 872-50-4 | 0.1% |
| Balance | Not available | >= 51.8 - <= 53.7 % |

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Skin contact: Take off contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Wash clothing before reuse. Shoes and other leather items which cannot be decontaminated should be disposed of properly.

Eye contact: Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in work area.

Ingestion: No emergency medical treatment necessary.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Notes to physician: No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water fog or fine spray. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers. Foam. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) are preferred. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF) or protein foams may function, but will be less effective.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

treatment. Skin contact may aggravate preexisting dermatitis.

Hazardous combustion products: During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Nitrogen oxides. Hydrogen fluoride. Hydrogen chloride. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Container may rupture from gas generation in a fire situation. Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon application of direct water stream to hot liquids. Dense smoke is produced when product burns.

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Consider feasibility of a controlled burn to minimize environment damage. Foam fire extinguishing system is preferred because uncontrolled water can spread possible contamination. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed. Fight fire from protected location or safe distance. Consider the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Immediately withdraw all personnel from the area in case of rising sound from venting safety device or discoloration of the container. Burning liquids may be extinguished by dilution with water. Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire. Move container from fire area if this is possible without hazard. Burning liquids may be moved by flushing with water to protect personnel and minimize property damage. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Refer to section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Absorb with materials such as: Clay. Dirt. Sand. Sweep up. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Contact Dow AgroSciences for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Keep out of reach of children. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use with adequate ventilation. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

Conditions for safe storage: Store in a dry place. Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist

| Component | Regulation | Type of listing | Value/Notation |
|---------------------------------|------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Fluroxypyr 1-methylheptyl ester | Dow IHG | TWA | 10 mg/m3 |
| Heavy aromatic naphtha | Dow IHG | TWA | 100 mg/m3 |
| | Dow IHG | STEL | 300 mg/m3 |
| N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone | US WEEL | TWA | 10 ppm |
| | US WEEL | TWA | SKIN |
| | CA ON OEL | TWA | 400 mg/m3 |
| | US WEEL | TWA | SKIN |

Consult local authorities for recommended exposure limits.

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

Exposure controls

Engineering controls: Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use chemical goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Chlorinated polyethylene. Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Viton. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Other protection: Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. In misty atmospheres, use an approved particulate respirator. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

| Appearance | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Physical state | Liquid |
| Color | Yellow to brown |
| Odor | Spicy |
| Odor Threshold | No test data available |
| рН | 4.58 1% ASTM E70 |
| Melting point/range | Not applicable |
| Freezing point | No test data available |
| Boiling point (760 mmHg) | No test data available |
| Flash point | closed cup > 100 °C ASTM D3278 |
| Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1) | No test data available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not applicable to liquids |
| Lower explosion limit | No test data available |
| Upper explosion limit | No test data available |
| Vapor Pressure | No test data available |
| Relative Vapor Density (air = 1) | No test data available |
| Relative Density (water = 1) | 1.05 |
| Water solubility | emulsifiable |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | No data available |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 358 °C EC Method A15 |
| Decomposition temperature | No test data available |
| Dynamic Viscosity | 28.2 mPa.s at 40 °C OECD 114 |
| Kinematic Viscosity | No test data available |
| Explosive properties | No EEC A14 |
| | |

| Oxidizing properties | No data available |
|----------------------|------------------------------|
| Liquid Density | 1.05 g/cm3 at 20 °C OECD 109 |
| Molecular weight | No test data available |
| Surface tension | 32 mN/m at25 °C EC Method A5 |

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability: Unstable at elevated temperatures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose. Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure in closed systems.

Incompatible materials: None known.

Hazardous decomposition products: Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Hydrogen chloride. Hydrogen fluoride. Nitrogen oxides. Toxic gases are released during decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity

Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

As product: LD50, Rat, female, > 5,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product: LD50, Rat, male and female, > 5,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute inhalation toxicity

No adverse effects are anticipated from single exposure to mist. Mist may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract (nose and throat).

LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 5.50 mg/l

Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness. May cause drying and flaking of the skin. Prolonged contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause moderate eye irritation. May cause slight corneal injury.

Sensitization

As product: Has demonstrated the potential for contact allergy in mice.

For respiratory sensitization: No relevant data found.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

For the active ingredient(s): Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

For the major component(s): For similar material(s): In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Kidney. For the minor component(s): In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Lung. Gastrointestinal tract. Thyroid. Urinary tract. Dose levels producing these effects were many times higher than any dose levels expected from exposure due to use.

Carcinogenicity

For similar active ingredient(s). Fluroxypyr-meptyl. Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Teratogenicity

For the active ingredient(s): Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

Reproductive toxicity

For the active ingredient(s): In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Mutagenicity

As product: In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Toxicity

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), flow-through test, 96 Hour, 14.3 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 Hour, 20 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 9.6 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

ErC50, Myriophyllum spicaturn, static test, 14 d, 0.178 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC, Myriophyllum spicaturn, static test, 14 d, 0.0152 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms

Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

oral LD50, Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail), > 2,250 mg/kg

Toxicity to soil-dwelling organisms

LC50, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), 14 d, survival, > 1,000 mg/kg

Persistence and degradability

Fluroxypyr 1-methylheptyl ester

Biodegradability: Material is not readily biodegradable according to OECD/EEC guidelines. 10-day Window: Fail **Biodegradation:** 32 % **Exposure time:** 28 d **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301D or Equivalent

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 2.2 mg/mg

Stability in Water (1/2-life) Hydrolysis, half-life, 454 d

Heavy aromatic naphtha

Biodegradability: Material is not readily biodegradable according to OECD/EEC guidelines.

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone

Biodegradability: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability. 10-day Window: Pass Biodegradation: 91 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent 10-day Window: Not applicable Biodegradation: 73 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C or Equivalent 10-day Window: Not applicable Biodegradation: > 90 % Exposure time: 8 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B or Equivalent

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 2.58 mg/mg

Photodegradation Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis) Sensitizer: OH radicals Atmospheric half-life: 0.486 d Method: Estimated.

Balance

Biodegradability: No relevant data found.

Bioaccumulative potential

Fluroxypyr 1-methylheptyl ester

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). **Partition coefficient:** n-octanol/water(log Pow): 5.04 Measured **Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 26 Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) Measured

Heavy aromatic naphtha

Bioaccumulation: For similar material(s): Bioconcentration potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow between 5 and 7).

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** -0.38 Measured

Balance

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

Mobility in soil

Fluroxypyr 1-methylheptyl ester

Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc > 5000). **Partition coefficient (Koc):** 6200 - 43000

Heavy aromatic naphtha

No relevant data found.

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50). Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process. **Partition coefficient (Koc):** 21 Estimated.

Balance

No relevant data found.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods: If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG

| Proper shipping name | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.(Fluroxypyr) |
|----------------------|---|
| UN number | UN 3082 |
| Class | 9 |
| Packing group | III |
| Marine pollutant | Fluroxypyr |

Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

| Proper shipping name | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, |
|----------------------------|--|
| | N.O.S.(Fluroxypyr) |
| UN number | UN 3082 |
| Class | 9 |
| Packing group | III |
| Marine pollutant | Fluroxypyr |
| Transport in bulk | Not applicable |
| according to Annex I or II | |
| of MARPOL 73/78 and the | |
| IBC or IGC Code | |
| | |

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

| Proper shipping name | Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, |
|----------------------|--|
| | n.o.s.(Fluroxypyr) |
| UN number | UN 3082 |
| Class | 9 |
| Packing group | III |

Further information:

NOT REGULATED PER TDG EXEMPTION 1.45.1 FOR ROAD OR RAIL

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazardous Products Act Information: CPR Compliance

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

Hazardous Products Act Information: WHMIS Classification

This product is exempt under WHMIS.

National Fire Code of Canada

Not applicable

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) (DSL)

This product contains chemical substance(s) exempt from CEPA DSL Inventory requirements. It is regulated as a pesticide subject to Pest Control Products Act (PCPA) requirements.

Pest Control Products Act (PCPA) Registration Number: 30795

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Hazard Rating System

| Health | Fire | Reactivity |
|--------|------|------------|
| 1 | 1 | 1 |

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Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend

| CA ON OEL | Ontario Table of Occupational Exposure Limits made under the Occupational |
|-----------|---|
| | Health and Safety Act. |
| Dow IHG | Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline |
| SKIN | Absorbed via skin |
| STEL | Short term exposure limit |
| TWA | Time weighted average |
| US WEEL | USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL) |

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

DOW AGROSCIENCES CANADA INC. urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.